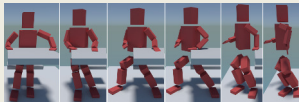**MOTION PLANNING AND SYNTHESIS FOR ARBITRARY CREATURES IN CONSTRAINED ENVIRONMENTS**

Steve Tonneau

Advisors: Franck Multon
Julien Pettré
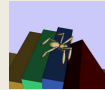
INSA | INSTITUT NATIONAL DES SCIENCES APPLIQUÉES RENNES

Inría — INVENTORS FOR THE DIGITAL WORLD

IRISA

MOTION AUTONOMY IN CONSTRAINED ENVIRONMENTS

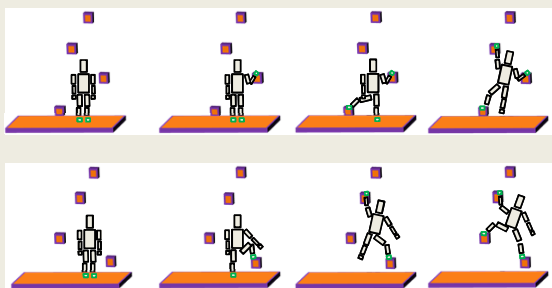Requires specific locomotion skills
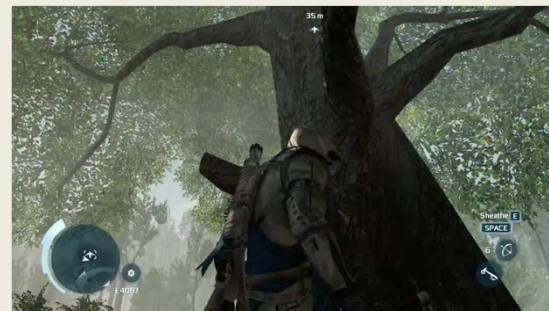

Motion results from contact interactions

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

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MOTION RESULTS FROM RELEVANT CONTACT SEQUENCE

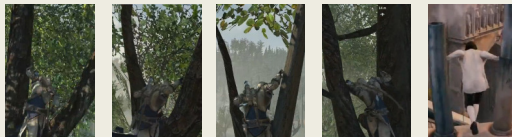Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

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STATE OF THE ART APPLICATION: ASSASSIN'S CREED 3

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion
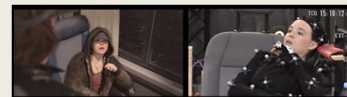

"CAN YOU CLIMB ON EVERY TREE?"

"It has to be a tree that splits into two trunks"

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

---

MOTION CAPTURE: ONE MOTION, ONE SESSION

(Beyond: 2 souls)

New geometries?
Non humanoid characters?

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

MOTION AUTONOMY AS A MOTION PLANNING PROBLEM

A virtual creature $\mathbb{R}$

The workspace $\mathbb{W}$

Start and goal postures

A collision free motion

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

MOTION AUTONOMY AS A MOTION PLANNING PROBLEM

A virtual creature $\mathbb{R}$

The environment $\mathbb{W}$

Start and goal postures

A relevant contact sequence

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

RELATED WORK

- Robotics solutions to the MOTION PLANNING problem
  - Configuration space approach
  - Sampling based motion planners

- Towards more NATURAL LOOKING motions
  - Motion editing techniques
  - Model based approaches

Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

THE CONFIGURATION SPACE (Lozano-Peréz 83)

[Lozano-Peréz 83]

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ \alpha \\ \beta \\ \gamma \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^N$$

Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

THE CONFIGURATION SPACE (Lozano-Peréz 83)

[Lozano-Peréz 83]

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ \alpha \\ \beta \\ \gamma \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^N$$

3D environment W

Configuration space C

Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

THE CONFIGURATION SPACE (Lozano-Peréz 83)

C_{free}

C_{obs}

$C_{contact}$

3D environment W

Configuration space C

Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion

SAMPLING BASED MOTION PLANNING

Probabilistic Road Maps (Kavraki et al. 96)
Rapidly exploring Random Trees (Lavalle 98)

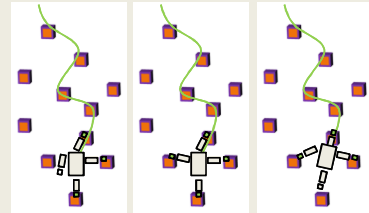| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 13 |

CONTACT BEFORE MOTION APPROACHES

1 step planning in the contact space
(Bretl et al. 03)
(Escande et al. 09)
(Bouyarmane et al. 09)

PERFORMANCE

QUALITY OF MOTION

| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 14 |

TOWARDS MORE NATURAL LOOKING SOLUTIONS

Trajectory optimization (CIO)
(Mordatch et al. 12)

LOCAL MINIMA

PERFORMANCE
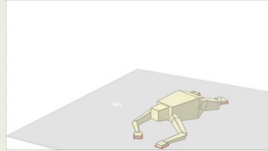
| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 15 |

COMBINING MOTION PLANNING AND MOTION EDITING

Sampling + Motion capture
(Pettré et al. 03) (Choi et al. 03) (Huang et al. 11)
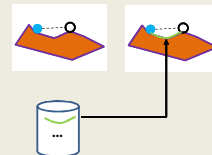
| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

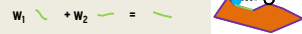| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 16 |

COMBINING MOTION PLANNING AND MOTION EDITING

Warping
(Witkin et Popovic 95)
(Gleicher 97), (Al-ashqar et al. 13)

Blending
(Boulic et al. 96 ????)
(Kovar et Gleicher 03)
(Ménardais et al. 04)

w_1 \ $+ w_2$ \ $=$ \

Concatenating
(Kovar et Gleicher 02)
(Shum al. 09)

| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

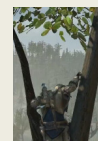| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 17 |

MOTION EDITING LIMITATIONS

UNNATURAL DEFORMATIONS
(Safonova et Hodgins, 07)
(Reitsma et Pollard, 07)

Johanssen Unity 3d

FIXED CONTACT SEQUENCES

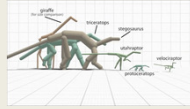| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 18 |

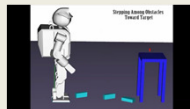## FROM MOTION ANALYSIS TO MODELS

Dynamic models and controllers

(Coros et al. 11)
(Mordatch et al. 13)
(Wampler et al. 14)

Motion invariants for reaching / manipulating

(Kallmann et al. 10)
(Sreenivasa et al. 12)

| Conf. space | motion planners | motion editing | motion analysis |

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 19 |

RELATED WORK SUMMARY

"A trade off between naturalness and control"
(Van Welbergen et al. 10)

	UNKNOWN CONSTRAINED ENVIRONMENTS	QUALITY OF MOTION	PERFORMANCE	ARBITRARY CREATURES
Motion editing	+	+++	+++	NO
Model based	++	++	+++	YES
Sampling based	+++	+	+	YES
Sampling based	+++	?	?	YES

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 20 |

CONTRIBUTION 1:
A NEW CRITERION FOR TASK EFFICIENCY

Considering locomotion tasks in constrained environments

How to generate a task efficient contact configuration?

EFORT: The Extended FORce Transmission ratio

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 21 |

CONTRIBUTION 1:
A NEW CRITERION FOR TASK EFFICIENCY
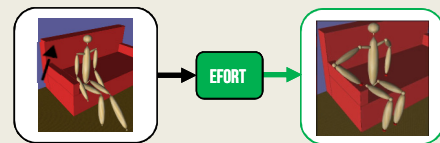
| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 22 |

CONTRIBUTION 2:
A SAMPLING BASED PLANNER FOR EFORT

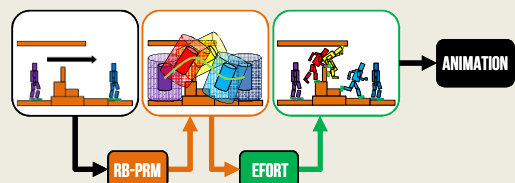**How to compute relevant contact sequences for locomotion tasks in constrained environments?**
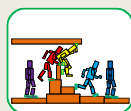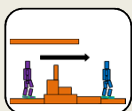
| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 23 |

CONTRIBUTION 2:
A SAMPLING BASED PLANNER FOR EFORT

How to compute relevant contact sequences for locomotion tasks in constrained environments?

RB-PRM: Reachability Based PRM

ANIMATION

RB-PRM   EFORT

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 24 |

EFORT
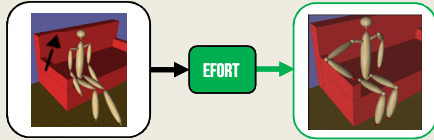
Task efficient contact configurations for arbitrary virtual creatures
Tonneau, Pettré et Multon ,
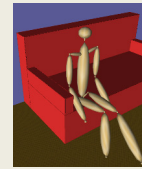*Graphics interface '14 conference*

Using task efficient contact configurations to animate creatures in arbitrary environments
Tonneau, Pettré et Multon ,
Computer and Graphics journal, vol 41, 2014

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 25
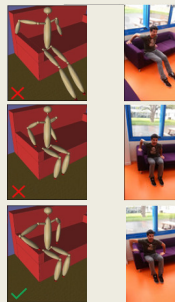
THE IMPORTANCE OF FORCE EXERTION

Which contacts to stand up?

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 26

THE IMPORTANCE OF FORCE EXERTION

Random stable configuration

More natural configuration

More EFFICIENT configuration for force exertion

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 27

EFORT: PROBLEM STATEMENT

Given:

How to rapidly compute:
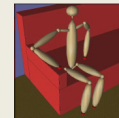
Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 28

THE MANIPULABILITY ELLIPSOID
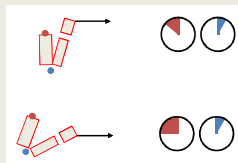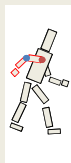
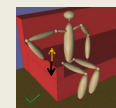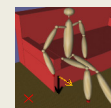**Velocity and force ellipsoids**
[Yoshikawa 84]
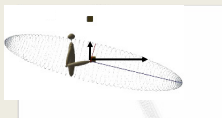
Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 29

EFORT: THE EXTENDED FORCE TRANSMISSION RATIO

$$d = f_T(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{v}) = [\mathbf{v}^T (\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{q})\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{q})^T)\mathbf{v}]^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
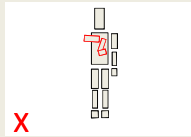[Chiu 87]
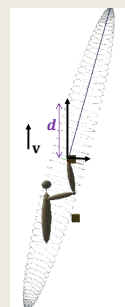
$$\alpha_{EFORT}(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{v}) = -fT(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{v})\mathbf{v}.\mathbf{n}_o$$

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 30

METHOD PIPELINE

Offline phase: sampling reachable workspace
(Herda et al. 04), (Matthew et al. 14), (Haering et al. 14)

X

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 31 |

METHOD PIPELINE

Offline phase: sampling reachable workspace
(Herda et al. 04), (Matthew et al. 14), (Haering et al. 14)

3D environment

Configuration space C

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 32 |

METHOD PIPELINE

Offline phase: sampling in the reachable workspace
(Herda et al. 04), (Matthew et al. 14), (Haering et al. 14)
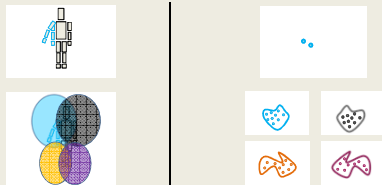
3D environment

Configuration spaces C

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 33 |

METHOD PIPELINE

Online phase
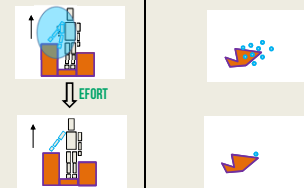
EFORT

3D environment

Configuration space C

| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 34 |

ILLUSTRATION
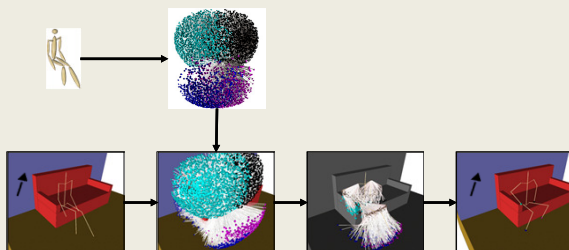
| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 35 |

RESULTS: PUSHING
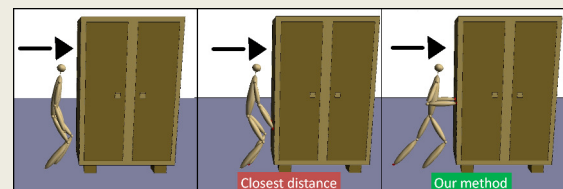
Closest distance

Our method

$N = 10000$ samples
Average number of contact candidates: 142
Average time: $5\ ms$
Worst time: $6\ ms$

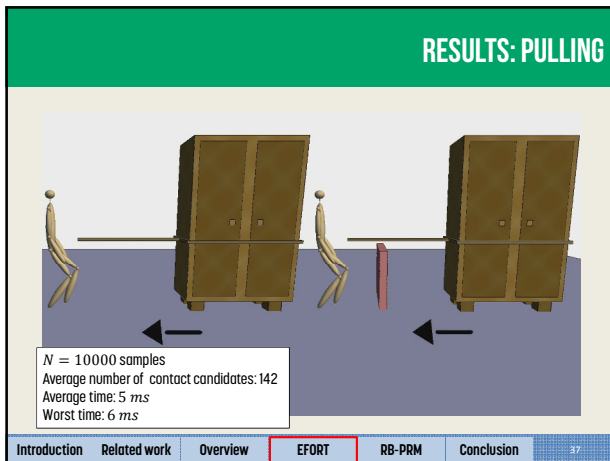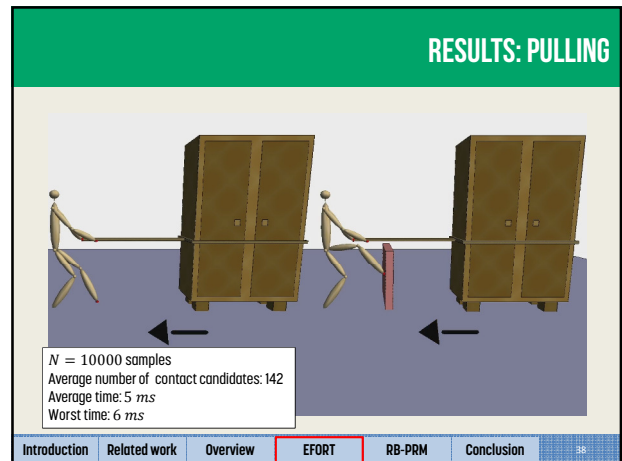| Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 36 |

RESULTS: PULLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Average number of contact candidates: 142
Average time: 5 ms
Worst time: 6 ms

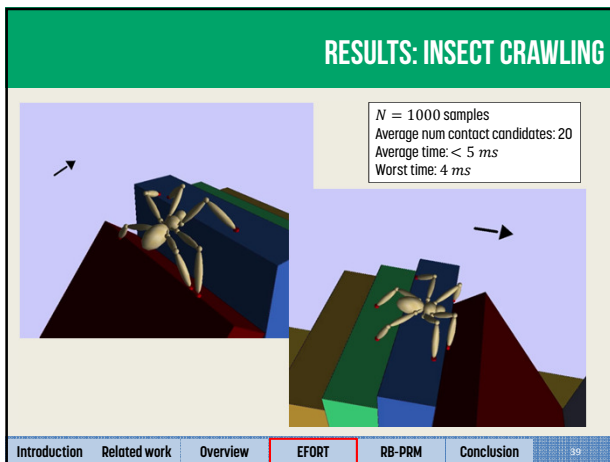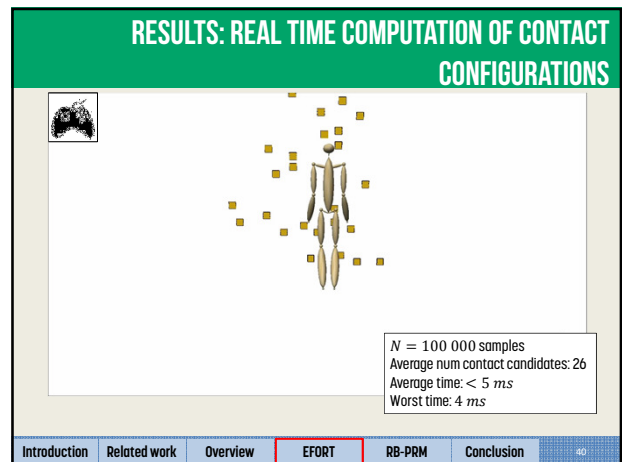Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 37

RESULTS: PULLING
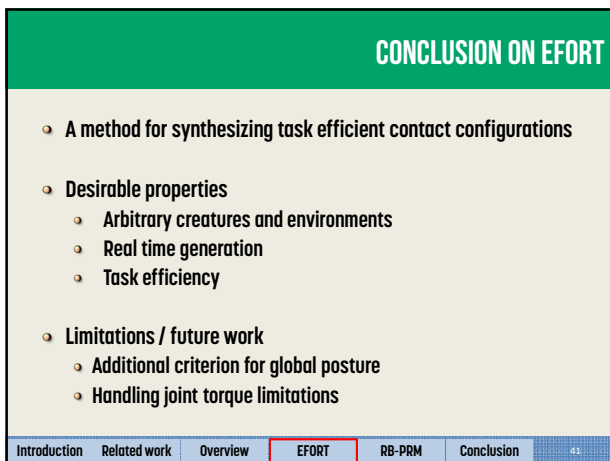
$N = 10000$ samples
Average number of contact candidates: 142
Average time: 5 ms
Worst time: 6 ms

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 38

RESULTS: INSECT CRAWLING

$N = 1000$ samples
Average num contact candidates: 20
Average time: < 5 ms
Worst time: 4 ms

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 39

RESULTS: REAL TIME COMPUTATION OF CONTACT CONFIGURATIONS

$N = 100\ 000$ samples
Average num contact candidates: 26
Average time: < 5 ms
Worst time: 4 ms

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 40

CONCLUSION ON EFORT

- A method for synthesizing task efficient contact configurations

- Desirable properties
    - Arbitrary creatures and environments
    - Real time generation
    - Task efficiency

- Limitations / future work
    - Additional criterion for global posture
    - Handling joint torque limitations

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 41

RB-PRM

ANIMATION

RB-PRM | EFORT

Reachability based planning for task efficient contact sequences in constrained environments
Tonneau, Pettré , Park, Manocha, Mansard and Multon ,
RSS 2015 conference, submitted

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 42

7

THE REACHABILITY CONDITION

Sampling root configurations for contact creation

V

X
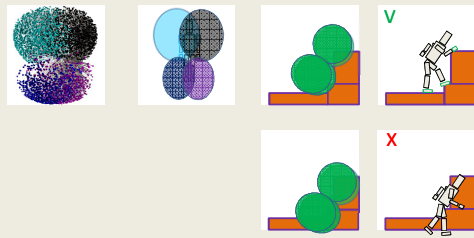
Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 43

THE REACHABILITY CONDITION

[Pignon et al. 91, 92]

A_{ROM} **Limb Range Of Motion**

A_{Trunk} **Abstract enclosed shape**

V
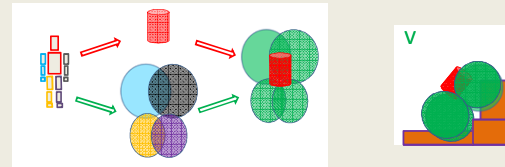
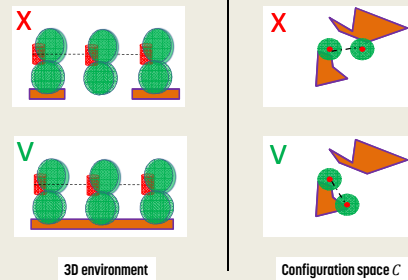Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 44

SAMPLING IN THE REACHABILITY SPACE

[Yamato et al. 98]
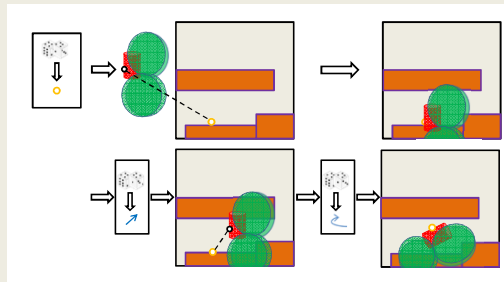
Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 45

GRAPH GENERATION

X   X

V   V

3D environment   **Configuration space** C

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 46

PATH REQUEST

3D environment   **Configuration space** C
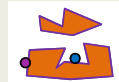
Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 47

PATH REQUEST
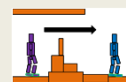
3D environment   **Configuration space** C

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 48

27/02/2015

PATH REQUEST

3D environment | Configuration space C

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 49

CONTACT SEQUENCE GENERATION

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 50

RULE 1: MAINTAIN EXISTING CONTACTS

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 51

RULE 2: CREATE CONTACT WHEN LOSING BALANCE

(Qiu et al. 11)

EFORT

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 52

TRAJECTORY EXTENSION WITH EFORT

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 53

TRAJECTORY EXTENSION WITH EFORT

Introduction | Related work | Overview | EFORT | RB-PRM | Conclusion | 54

9
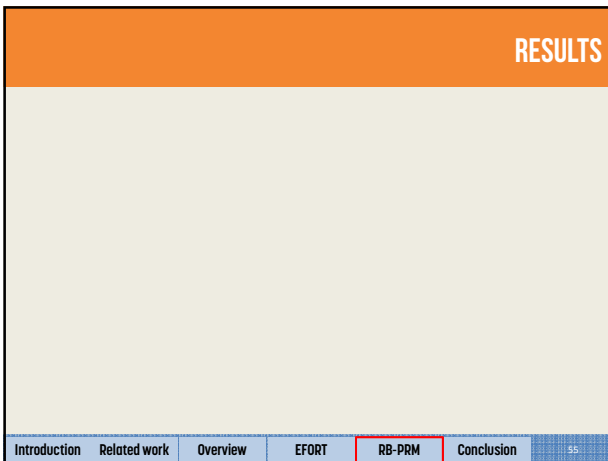
RESULTS
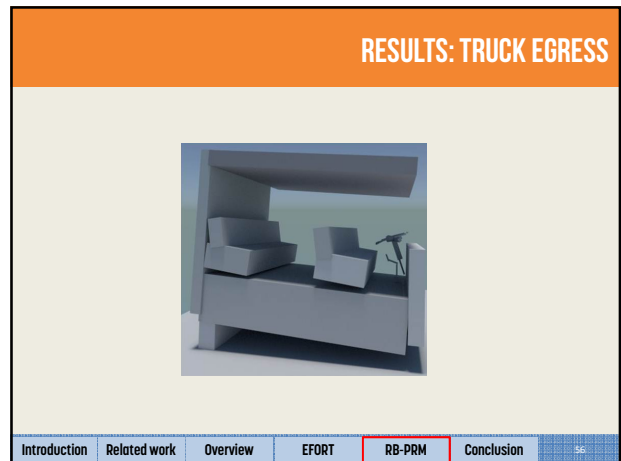
RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

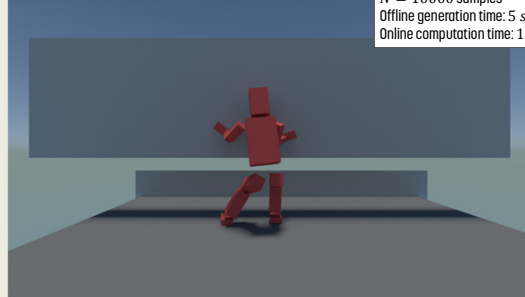$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $73\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $73\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

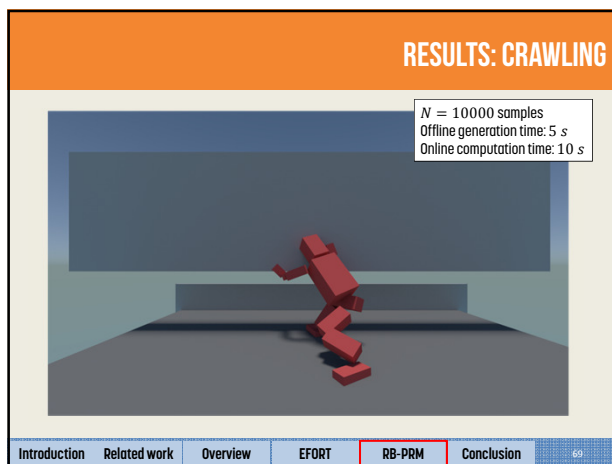

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $73\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $73\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: 73 s
Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: 73 s
Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: 73 s
Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: 73 s
Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: TRUCK EGRESS

$N = 10000$ samples
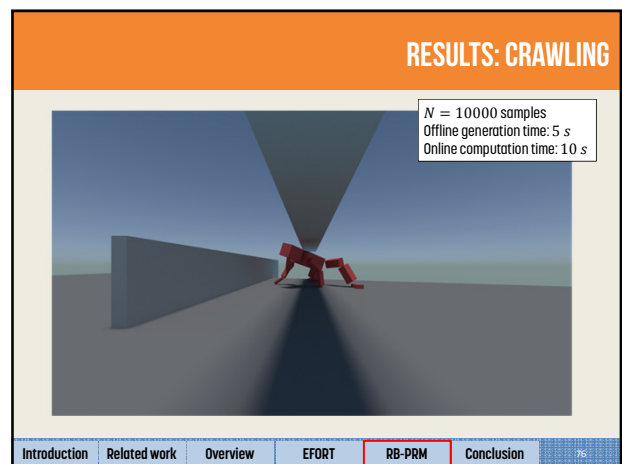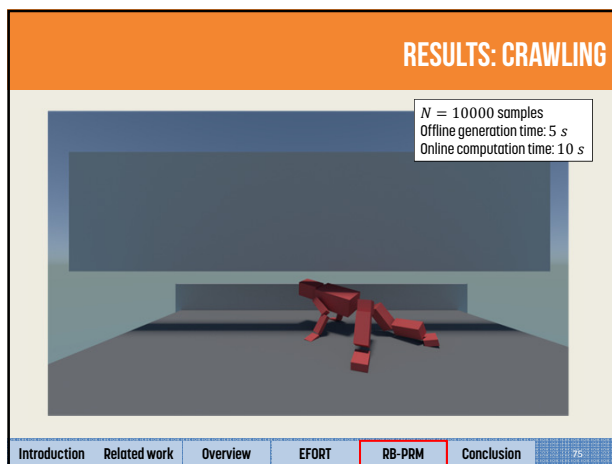Offline generation time: 73 s
Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: 5 s
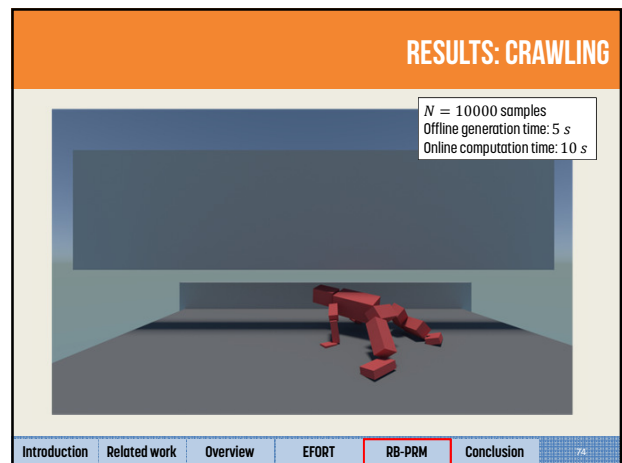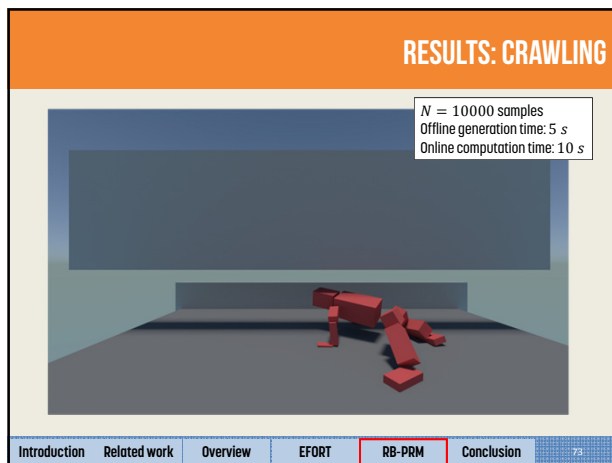Online computation time: 10 s

RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
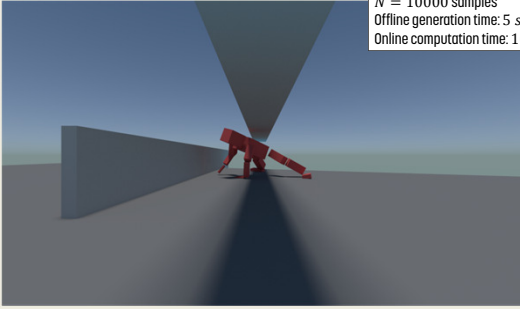Online computation time: $10\ s$

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RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

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RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

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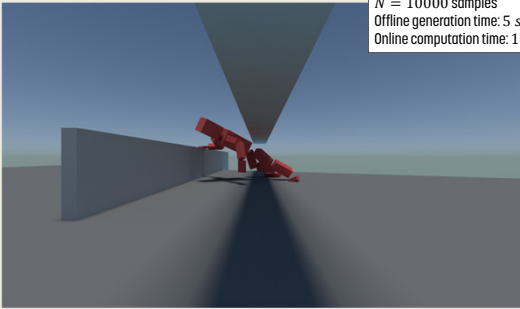
RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

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RESULTS: CRAWLING

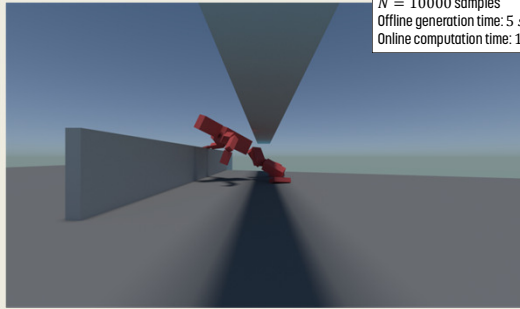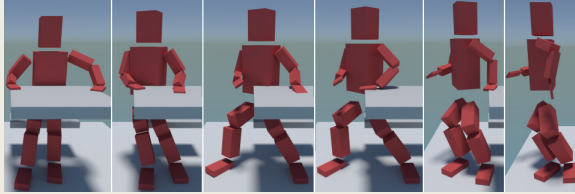$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

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RESULTS: CRAWLING

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $10\ s$

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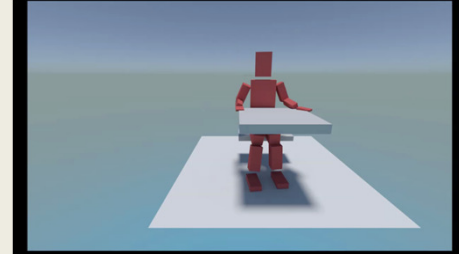
RESULTS: STANDING UP

$N = 10000$ samples
Offline generation time: $5\ s$
Online computation time: $< 1\ s$

STANDING UP: BASIC INTERPOLATION

CONCLUSION ON RB-PRM

- A motion planning framework for task efficient contact configurations

- Desirable properties
  - Completeness of RB-PRM
  - Performance
  - Task efficiency

- Limitations / future work
  - Global optimality of the sequence (number of contacts)
  - Better task formulation
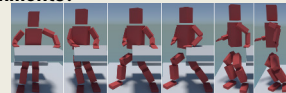 - Contact not limited to end effectors

GENERAL CONCLUSION

How to generate a task efficient contact configuration in an unknown environment?

EFORT

How to compute relevant contact sequences for locomotion tasks in constrained environments?

RB-PRM

GENERAL CONCLUSION

Enhanced autonomy of motion for virtual characters

	UNKNOWN CONSTRAINED ENVIRONMENTS	QUALITY OF MOTION	PERFORMANCE	ARBITRARY CREATURES
Sampling based	+++	+	+	YES
Sampling based	+++	++	++.	YES

Limitations:

- Guaranteeing balanced trajectories
- Global optimality of the approach

FUTURE RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS

Experiments with EFORT

Proposing a global animation framework (UNC)
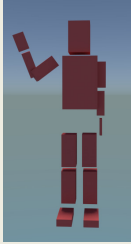

ANIMATION
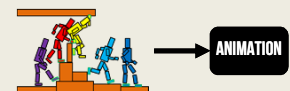
Towards Robotics applications

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Task efficient contact configurations for arbitrary virtual creatures
Tonneau, Pettré et Multon,
Graphics interface '14 conference

Using task efficient contact configurations to animate creatures in arbitrary environments
Tonneau, Pettré et Multon ,
Computer and Graphics journal, vol 41, 2014

Reachability based planning for task efficient contact sequences in constrained environments
Tonneau, Pettré, Park, Manocha, Mansard et Multon,
RSS 2015 conference, **submitted**

Introduction	Related work	Overview	EFORT	RB-PRM	Conclusion	